

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(17 + 29i) \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$4.56 + 4.56 + \frac{4}{5} + 4 + 5i + \text{polar}(4.56, 4.56) + \pi + e + e + i + i + \gamma + \infty$$

$$\frac{22}{7} \approx \pi$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{cccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} & x_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} & x_2 \\ \vdots & & & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \dots & a_{mn} & x_n \end{array} \right| = \left| \begin{array}{c} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{array} \right|$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(j)}(0)}{j!} x^j$$

$$x^2 - 9 = x^2 - 3^2 = (x - 3)(x + 3)$$

$$x^2 - 9 = x^2 - 3^2$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$ax^2 + bx = -c$$

$$x^2 + \frac{b}{a}x = \frac{-c}{a}$$

Divide out leading coefficient.

$$x^2 + \frac{b}{a}x + \left(\frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 = \frac{-c(4a)}{a(4a)} + \frac{b^2}{4a^2}$$

Complete the square.

$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right) = \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a^2}$$

Discriminant revealed.

$$\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 = \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a^2}$$

$$x + \frac{b}{2a} = \sqrt{\frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a^2}}$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} \pm \{C\} \sqrt{\frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a^2}}$$

There's the vertex formula.

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \{C\} \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$